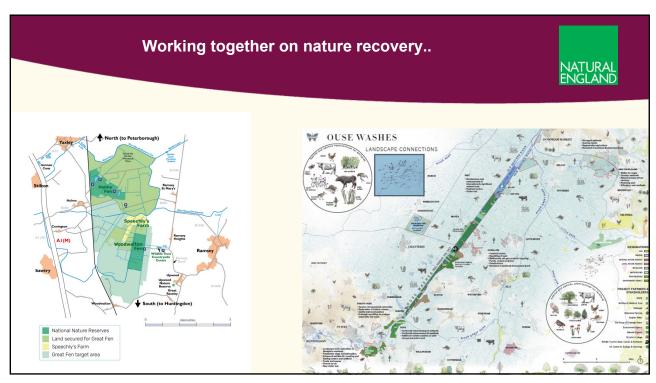
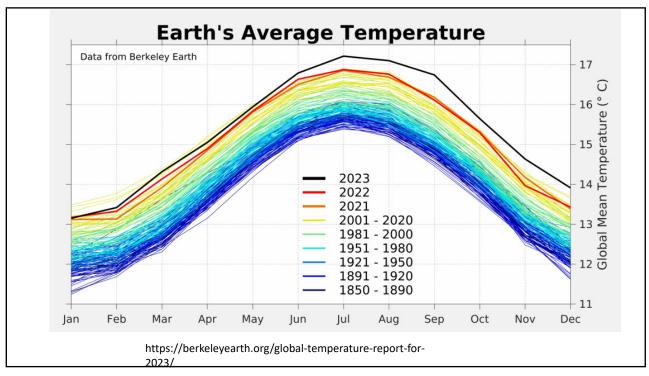


Local Nature Recovery Strategies Working together to recover nature

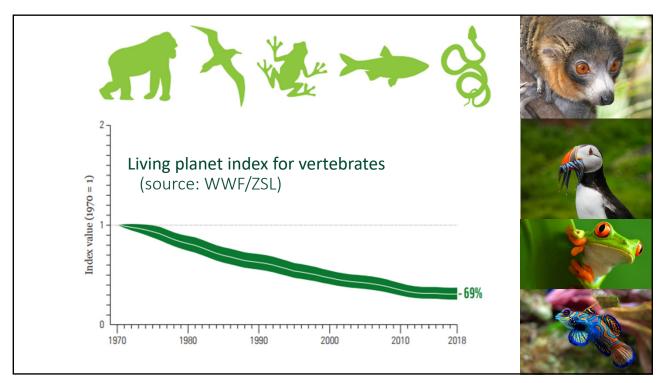
John Torlesse Deputy Director West Anglia

1





3



UK state of nature

Large historic and ongoing changes to our habitats
>95% East Anglian Fens lost since 17th Century
84% lowland heathland lost since 1800

97% flower-rich meadows lost since 1930 (and still happening)

Species

- >40% UK species are in decline
- 25% mammals threatened with extinction
- 73 million fewer birds over the past 50 years
- Flying insects (may) have declined by 64% in past 20 years
- Earthworms have probably declined by >33% in past 25 years





5



Local Nature Recovery Strategies



- Introduced by the Environment Act 2021
- Establish a Strategy
- Locally owned spatial plans for nature
- · A focus for a strengthened duty to conserve and enhance biodiversity







Environment Act 2021

They will work alongside other measures in the Act to:

- Help planning authorities incorporate nature recovery objectives into decision making and plan preparation;
- > Support the delivery of Biodiversity Net Gain (February 2024);
- Support the growth of a nature recovery network across England
- > Help deliver our national environment targets
- Join-up with funding initiatives

7

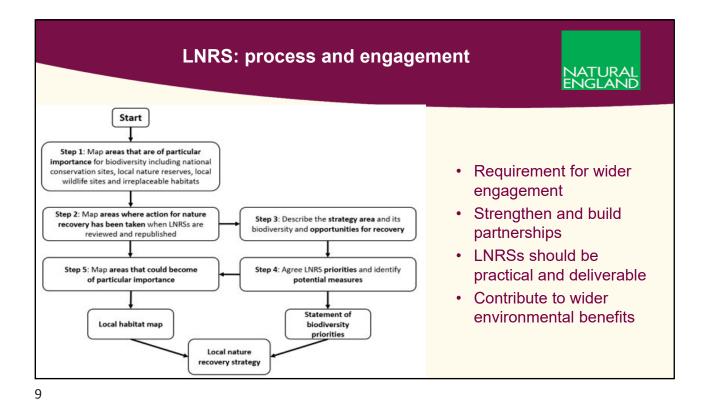
Aims of Local Nature Recovery Strategies

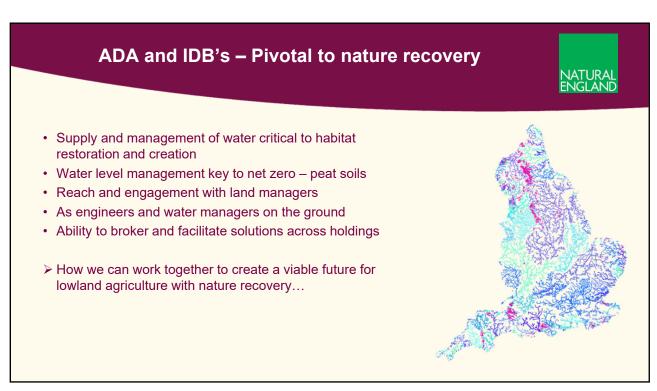




The Strategy will contribute to:

- 30x30 goals and the species abundance target
- climate change mitigation and adaptation
- reduced flooding
- improved air and water quality
- woodland management,
- soil management
- wider environmental benefits (public access, green infrastructure, people's connection with nature and levelling-up).





Environmental Land Management – drivers for change?



Increased payment rates and new options....

- Creating and managing three-dimensional buffer strips to afford increased protection to buffer natural waterbodies and drainage networks £1,182/Ha
- Managing grassland for increased flood and drought resilience benefits £938/ha
- Managing features (e.g. swales, bunds, infiltration ponds) for flood and drought resilience on arable land £1241/Ha
- Enhancing floodplain floodwater storage £366/Ha
- Raised water level on cropped or arable land on peat soils £1409/Ha
- · Raised water levels on grassland on peat soils £1381/ha



11

Where we can work together...



Landscape Recovery

- 56 projects in development covering 250K ha e.g Somerset Levels and Ouse Washes
- Drainage Authorities are actively engaged in Round 1 and 2 projects – for example at Leven Carrs, Beverley and North Holderness IDB
- Round 3 opening for applications in 2024 interest in the scheme remains very high
- LR provides an opportunity to develop a vision and plan for multiple objectives over large area (funded for 2 years)
- 20+ years implementation funding

Nature Recovery projects

- 12 so far with a further 13 expected to be identified
 - Somerset Coast Levels and Moors
 - The Lost Wetlands Cheshire to Lancashire





The Paludiculture Exploration Fund Crop focus **Exploration focus** Agreement holder **Business area** AutoSpray Systems Agricultural Drone Various Machinery (arial drones) suppliers **Broads Authority** Typha, reed, canary Crops strategic and grass, miscanthus products Crop and product Coates English Willow Willow Willow growing and weaving FWAG southwest Ltd Typha & willow **ENGO** Crops and nutrient management and machinery Fenland Soil Ltd NGO Various Strategic land use **Harper Adams** Higher Education Sphagnum and Typha Crop development University and Celery Lancashire Wildlife Sphagnum and Typha **ENGO** Crop development Trust MMU Higher Education Engagement/Research Various Micropropagation Sphagnum production Sphagnum Cropping Sphagnum **Services** Ponda Textiles insulation Typha Crop and product UKCEH Higher Education Various Crops - Biochar Vitagrass Farms Sphagnum and Typha Crops - business plan Agricultural estate (Holker) Ltd

13

Working together to deliver more for nature and business



- Working at larger scale and with multiple benefits
- Natural England needs to change and respond
- Farmers and land managers making the shift
- · IDBs can play a critical role
- Further collaboration / engagement welcomed!

